

Revision Date: 01.10.2020

DIETHYLENE GLYCOL

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

- Trade name : DIETHYLENE GLYCOL
 - Synonyms : DEG, Ethylene Glycol, 1,2-dihydroxyethane, 1,2-ethanediol
- CAS number : 111-46-6

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Uses of the Substance / Mixture

- Chemical industry
- Manufacturing polyester polymers
- Anti-freeze production

1.3. Company/Undertaking Identification

Address

NOVICHEM CO. No.30, Magnolia Str, Qaem Maqam Farahani Ave. Tehran 15886/13941 IRAN

1.4. Emergency and contact telephone numbers

Contact telephone number : + 98-21-88329799 (Hunting) roduct information):

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Acute toxicity, Category 4, Oral Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2, Kidney H302: Harmful if swallowed. H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms

Signal word



Warning

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Hazard statements :	H302 H373	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: H302 Harmful if swallowed. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements :	Prevention: P260 P264 P270 Response: P301 + P312	Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
	P330 P314	Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
	Storage:	No precautionary phrases.
	Disposal: P501	Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Information on Components and Impurities

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Diethylene glycol	111-46-6	98 - 100
	203-872-2	
Monoethylene glycol	107-21-1	0.05 Max.
	203-473-3	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

In case of inhalation

- Move to fresh air.
- Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed.
- Victim to lie down in the recovery position, cover and keep him warm.
- Call a physician immediately.



In case of skin contact

- Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.
- Wash off immediately with plenty of water.
- Keep warm and in a quiet place.
- Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

In case of eye contact

- Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
- Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
- In the case of difficulty of opening the lids, administer an analgesic eye wash (oxybuprocaine).
- Take victim immediately to hospital.

In case of ingestion

- Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
- Take victim immediately to hospital.
- If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious).
- Do NOT induce vomiting.
- Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In case of inhalation

Symptoms

- At high concentrations:
- slight irritation

Effects

- No hazards to be specially mentioned.

In case of skin contact

Symptoms

- Redness
- Swelling of tissue
- Burn

Effects

- Corrosive

In case of eye contact

Symptoms

- Redness
- Lachrymation
- Swelling of tissue
- Burn

Effects

- May cause irreversible eye damage.
- May cause blindness.



In case of ingestion

Symptoms

- Nausea
- Abdominal pain
- Bloody vomiting
- Diarrhea
- Suffocation
- Cough
- Severe shortness of breath

Effects

- If ingested, severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures	
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	 Alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water in a jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising from the s	ubstance or mixture
Specific hazards during firefighting	 Material will not burn unless preheated. Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Containers exposed to intense heat from fires should be cooled with large quantities of water.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	quantities of water.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	 Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).
Specific extinguishing methods	: Standard procedure for chemical fires.
Further information	: Evacuate the area of all non-essential personnel. Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Environmental precautions	: Prevent product from entering drains. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	: Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.



SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Advice on protection against fire and explosion	: Normal measures for preventive fire protection.
Advice on safe handling	: Do not breathe vapours/dust. For personal protection see section 8. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap- plication area. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.
Conditions for safe storage	: Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

technological safety standards.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace occupational exposure limits

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

8.2 Exposure controls

Control measures

Engineering measures

- Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.
- Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection

- In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
- When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the

- Recommended Filter type: P3 filter
- In case of decomposition (see section 10), face mask with combined type B-P3 cartridge.

Hand protection

chemical resistant gloves

- Suitable material
- PVC
- Neoprene
- Natural Rubber

Eye protection

- Goggles

Skin and body protection

- Dust impervious protective suit
- Apron
- Boots
- PVC
- Neoprene

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Hygiene measures

- Eye wash bottles or eye wash stations in compliance with applicable standards.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	: Liquid
Colour	: Clear, Colorless
рН	: Not applicable
Freezing Point (Melting point/freezing point)	: -1011°C
Boiling Point (Boiling point/boiling range)	: 244 - 250 °C
Flash point	: 140 - 149 °C Method: closed cup
Evaporation rate	: < 0,01 (Butyl Acetate = 1)
Upper explosion limit	: 10.8 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	: 1.6 %(V)
Lower explosion limit Vapour pressure Relative	: 1.6 %(V) : <1,3 Pa (20 °C)
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Vapour pressure Relative	: <1,3 Pa (20 °C)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

- No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stability

- Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

- No hazards to be specially mentioned.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

- Keep away from heat, flame, sparks and other ignition



10.5 Incompatible materials

- Strong bases
- Strong oxidizing agents
- Strong acids
- Aldehydes
- Aluminium
- Plastics
- Reducing agents Peroxides

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

- Aldehydes
- Ketones
- Organic acids
- Carbon oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	
Product: Acute oral toxicity	: Acute toxicity estimate: 493.91 mg/kg
<u>Components:</u> 107-21-1: Acute oral toxicity	
	: Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after single ingestion.
111-46-6: Acute oral toxicity	
	: LD50 (Human): Calculated 1,120 mg/kg Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after single ingestion.
Carcinogenicity	
IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Diethylene glycol	No carcinogenicity classification.
Ethanediol	No carcinogenicity classification.



12.1 Toxicity

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Basis for assessment

: Information given is based on product testing.

<u>Components:</u> Diethylene glycol :	
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	 LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 75.200 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: Literature data. Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

13.1 Waste treatment methods	
Disposal methods	
Contaminated packaging	: Empty remaining contents. Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.
SECTION 14: Transport inforr	nation
14.1 UN number	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.2 Proper shipping name	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ATA	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.3 Transport hazard class	
447 Transmont in bull and and in the	
	to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Pollution category Ship type	: Z : 3
Product name	: Diethylene glycol
Additional Information	 This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing. Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen enriched atmospheres displaces available oxygen which may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict



on		
15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture		
he regulatory information is not intended to be omprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.		
reported in the following inventories:		
On TSCA Inventory		
All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL		
In the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory		
In the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory		
on the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory		
in the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory		
in the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory		
on the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory		

SECTION 16: Other information

Information contained herein is provided in good faith but makes no representation as to its comprehensiveness or accuracy. This document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate precautionary handling of the material by a properly trained person using this product. Individuals receiving the information must exercise their independent judgment in determining its appropriateness for a particular purpose.