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## **POLY ALUMINUM CHLORIDE**

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Identification of the substance or mixture

: POLY ALUMINUM CHLORIDE Product name

Chemical formula : ALN(OH)MCL3N-M (Polyaluminium chloride)

CAS No.

1.2. Use of the Substance/Mixture

Recommended use : - Potable water treatment

- Industrial water treatment

- Paper Industry

1.3. Company/Undertaking Identification

Address : NOVICHEM CO.

No.30, Magnolia Str, Qaem Maqam Farahani Ave.

Tehran 15886/13941 IRAN

1.4. Emergency and contact telephone numbers

(Product information):

Contact telephone number : +98-21-88329799 (Hunting)

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture Classification (EC 1272/2008)

- Physical hazards: Not Classified - Health hazards: Eye Dam. 1 - H318

Not Classified - Environmental hazards:



2.2. Label elements

- **EC**: number 215-477-2

- Pictogram:



- Signal word: Danger

- **Hazard statements:** H318 Causes serious eye damage.

- Precautionary statements: P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye

protection/ face protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

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do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

- Contains: Polyaluminium chloride

#### 2.3. Other hazards:

- This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Mixtures

Polyaluminium chloride

CAS-No. : 1327-41-9

Concentration : Eye dam . 1-H 318

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

- **General information:** Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical

personnel.Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination.

Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on

their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.



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- Ingestion: Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small

> glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting un less under the

direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.

- Skin contact: Rinse with water.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open - Eve contact:

eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.

- Protection of first aiders: First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

If it is suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid

personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- General information: See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the

symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of

exposure.

- Inhalation: Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.

- Ingestion: Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach

contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.

- Skin contact: Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.

Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the - Eye contact:

following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically.

#### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon

dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the

surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.



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#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Specific hazards: Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive

pressure build-up.

- Hazardous combustion products: Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following

substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting:

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water

pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

- Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- Personal precautions: Personal precautions No action shall be taken without appropriate training

or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected

personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

- Environmental precautions: Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution

occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).



## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Methods for cleaning up:

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labelled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

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## 6.4. Reference to other sections

- Reference to other sections: For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional

information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information

on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Usage precautions: Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing

as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective uipment.

Do not reuse empty containers.

- Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily

before leaving workplace.



7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Storage precautions: Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep only in the original

container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

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- Storage class: Chemical storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

- **Specific end use(s):** The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

- Occupational exposure limits: Aluminium (Al-soluble salt) WES-TWA: 2 mg/ m3

8.2. Exposure controls

- Protective equipment:







- Appropriate engineering controls:

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.



- Eye/face protection: Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk

> assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a

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full-face respirator may be required instead.

- Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should

> be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any

deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

- Other skin and body protection:

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin

contamination is possible.

- Hygiene measures: Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not

be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous

properties of the product.

- Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk

> assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask

respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges

should comply with European Standard EN140.

controls:

- Environmental exposure Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements

of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce

emissions to acceptable levels.



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## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- Appearance: Liquid.- Colour: Yellow.

Odour: Mild. Characteristic.
 pH: 3.5 - 5 (%2 solution)
 Melting point: No information available.
 Initial boiling point and range: No information available.

- Flash point: Not applicable.- Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable.

- Vapour pressure: No information available.

Specific gravity: 1,27 gr/cm³
 Solubility(ies): Soluble in water.

- Partition coefficient: No information available.

- Auto-ignition temperature: Not applicable.

- Viscosity; 10-50 mPa.s (dynamic, @25°C)

- Explosive properties: There are no chemical groups present in the product that are associated

with explosive properties.

- Oxidising properties: There are no chemical groups present in the product that are associated

with oxidising properties.

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

- Reactivity: There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

- Stability: Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

- Possibility of hazardous

No potentially hazardous reactions known.

reactions:

10.4. Conditions to avoid

- Conditions to avoid: There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.



10.5. Incompatible materials

- Materials to avoid: No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to

produce a hazardous situation.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

- Hazardous decomposition

products:

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal

decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

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Harmful gases or vapours.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

- Acute toxicity - oral Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>):

- Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>):

- Acute toxicity - inhalation - Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>):

- Skin corrosion/irritation Animal data:

- Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage:

- Respiratory sensitisation:

- Skin sensitisation:

- Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity - in vitro:

- Carcinogenicity:

- Aspiration hazard:

- General information:

- IARC carcinogenicity:

- Reproductive toxicity - fertility:

- Reproductive toxicity - development:

- Specific target organ toxicity STOT:

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

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Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Causes serious eye damage.

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the

Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

concentration and the length of exposure.

- Inhalation: Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory

system.

- **Ingestion:** Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the

stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as

inhalation.

- **Skin contact:** Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.

- Eye contact: Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may

include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.

Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

No specific target organs known.

- Target organs:

- Route of entry:



#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 12.1. Toxicity

- Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

- The product contains inorganic substances which are not biodegradable.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

- No data available on bioaccumulation.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil Mobility

- The product is water-soluble and may spread in water systems.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Results of PBT and vPvB

- This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

- None known.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

- General information:

The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

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- Disposal methods:

Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

- Waste class:

Waste is classified as hazardous waste.



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#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### 14.1. UN number

- UN No. (ADR/RID): 2581 - UN No. (IMDG): 2581 - UN No. (ICAO): 2581 - UN No. (ADN): 2581

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

- Proper shipping name (ADR/RID):
 - Proper shipping name (IMDG):
 - Proper shipping name (ICAO):
 - Proper shipping name (ADN):

ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE SOLUTION
ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE SOLUTION
ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE SOLUTION

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- ADR/RID: class 8
- ADR/RID classification code: C1
- ADR/RID label: 8
- IMDG class: 8
- ICAO class/division: 8
- ADN class: 8
- Transport labels



#### 14.4. Packing group

- ADR/RID packing group: |||
- IMDG packing group: |||
- ADN packing group: |||
- ICAO packing group: |||

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

- Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant: No.

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

- EmS: F-A, S-B
- ADR transport category: 3
- Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID): 80
- Tunnel restriction code: (E)



#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

- Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- National regulations: Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for

Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 716).

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"]. EH40/2005 Workplace

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exposure limits.

- EU legislation: Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament

and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Commission Regulation

(EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

- No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Information contained herein is provided in good faith but makes no representation as to its comprehensiveness or accuracy. This document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate precautionary handling of the material by a properly trained person using this product. Individuals receiving the information must exercise their independent judgment in determining its appropriateness for a particular purpose.